## 10730 Antiarithmetic?

A permutation of $n$ is a bijective function of the initial $n$ natural numbers: $0,1, \ldots, n-1$. A permutation $p$ is called antiarithmetic if there is no subsequence of it forming an arithmetic progression of length bigger than 2, i.e. there are no three indices $0 \leq i<j<k<n$
 such that $\left(p_{i}, p_{j}, p_{k}\right)$ forms an arithmetic progression.

For example, the sequence $(2,0,1,4,3)$ is an antiarithmetic permutation of 5 . The sequence ( 0 , $5,4,3,1,2)$ is not an antiarithmetic permutation as its first, fifth and sixth term ( $0,1,2$ ) form an arithmetic progression; and so do its second, forth and fifth term $(5,3,1)$.

Your task is to check whether a given permutation of $n$ is antiarithmetic.

## Input

There are several test cases, followed by a line containing 0 . Each test case is a line of the input file containing a natural number $3 \leq n \leq 10000$ followed by a colon and then followed by $n$ distinct numbers separated by whitespace. All $n$ numbers are natural numbers smaller than $n$.

## Output

For each test case output one line with 'yes' or 'no' stating whether the permutation is antiarithmetic or not.

## Sample Input

3: 021
5: 20134
6: 243501
0

## Sample Output

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yes
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no
yes

