## 10810 Ultra-QuickSort

In this problem, you have to analyze a particular sorting algorithm. The algorithm processes a sequence of $n$ distinct integers by swapping two adjacent sequence elements until the sequence is sorted in ascending order. For the input sequence

91054 ,
Ultra-QuickSort produces the output
01459.

Your task is to determine how many swap operations Ultra-QuickSort needs to perform in order to sort a given input sequence.

## Input

The input contains several test cases. Every test case begins with a line that contains a single integer $n<500,000$ - the length of the input sequence. Each of the the following $n$ lines contains a single integer $0 \leq a[i] \leq 999,999,999$, the $i$-th input sequence element. Input is terminated by a sequence of length $n=0$. This sequence must not be processed.

## Output

For every input sequence, your program prints a single line containing an integer number op, the minimum number of swap operations necessary to sort the given input sequence.

## Sample Input

## Sample Output

