uva Daline Judge

## 10827 Maximum sum on a torus

A grid that wraps both horizontally and vertically is called a torus. Given a torus where each cell contains an integer, determine the subrectangle with the largest sum. The sum of a sub-rectangle is the sum of all the elements in that rectangle. The grid below shows a torus where the maximum sub-rectangle has been shaded.

## Input

The first line in the input contains the number of test cases (at most 18). Each case starts with an integer $N(1 \leq N \leq 75)$ specifying the size of the torus (always square). Then follows $N$ lines describing the

| 1 | -1 | 0 | 0 | -4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 3 | -2 | -3 | 2 |
| 4 | 1 | -1 | 5 | 0 |
| 3 | -2 | 1 | -3 | 2 |
| -3 | 2 | 4 | 1 | -4 | torus, each line containing $N$ integers between -100 and 100, inclusive.

## Output

For each test case, output a line containing a single integer: the maximum sum of a sub-rectangle within the torus.

## Sample Input

2
5
$\begin{array}{lllll}1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -4\end{array}$
$23-2-32$
41 -1 50
3-2 1 -3 2
-3241 -4
3
123
456
789

## Sample Output

15
45

