# 11408 Count DePrimes

A number is called a DePrime if the sum of its prime factors is a prime number. Given a and b count the number of DePrimes  $x_i$  such that  $a \le x_i \le b$ .

## Input

Each line contains a and b in the format 'a b'.  $2 \le a \le 5000000$ .  $a \le b \le 5000000$ . Input is terminated by a line containing '0'.

### Output

Each line should contain the number of DePrimes for the corresponding test case.

#### **Explanation:**

In Test Case 2, take 10. Its Prime Factors are 2 and 5. Sum of Prime Factors is 7, which is a prime. So, 10 is a DePrime.

## Sample Input

Sample Output

4

9

9