11415 Count the Factorials

Ram is a bright boy who is very much interested in number theory. He was studying about factorials of numbers, and got some interesting idea.

Being a brilliant coder, he started writing a program and implemented the following routines :

- fact(n) This function returns the value of n!, where $n \ge 0$ eg. fact(5) returns 120
- count(n) This function returns the number of terms in the prime factorisation of n, where $n \ge 0$.

eg. count
(24) returns 4 (because, $24=2\ast 2\ast 2\ast 3).$ The prime factorisation of 24 contains 4 terms

• func(n) — This function is explained below.

Ram wrote the function "func" as follows:

```
int func(int $n$)
{
    int ans = 0;
    for(int $i=0$; ; $i++$)
    {
        if( count( fact( $i$ ) ) $\le n$)
        ans++;
    else
    return ans;
    }
}
```

The above procedure takes too much time to execute. Help Ram by writing a more efficient solution that does the same function as "func" does.

Input

The first line of input gives the number of test cases t. The next t lines contains a positive integer, representing n $(1 \le t \le 1000, 1 \le n \le 1000000)$.

Output

Print func(n) for the given n, on a line by itself.

Note: Consider 1 as a prime number.

Sample Input

4

Sample Output

- 3
- 4
- 4
- 5