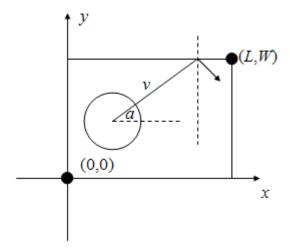
# 11880 Ball in a Rectangle

There is a rectangle on the cartesian plane, with bottom-left corner at (0,0) and top-right corner at (L, W). There is a ball centered at (x, y), with radius=R, shown below



At time 0, the ball starts to move along a ray with polar angle a (the angle from positive x-axis to the ray, rotating counter-clockwise). When hitting the rectangle boundary, the reflex angle always equals to the incidence angle. The ball's velocity is always v (i.e. it never changes when hitting the rectangle). Where is the center of the ball at time s?

## Input

There will be at most 25 test cases, each contains a line with 8 integers L, W, x, y, R, a, v, s ( $100 \le L, W \le 10^9$ ,  $1 \le R \le 5$ ,  $R \le x \le L - R$ ,  $R \le y \le W - R$ ,  $0 \le a < 360$ ,  $1 \le v$ ,  $s \le 10^9$ ), as stated above. The input terminates with L = W = x = y = R = a = v = s = 0, which should not be processed.

#### Output

For each test case, output a line containing two floating-point numbers x, y, rounded to two decimal points, indicating that the center of ball will be at (x, y) at time s.

### Sample Input

100 100 80 10 5 90 2 23 110 100 70 10 5 180 1 9999 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

#### Sample Output

80.00 56.00 71.00 10.00