12678 Mixing Colours

Frank lives in London and he really likes games and maths. Lately, he has been playing a game on his mobile phone. It is simple, a sequence of coloured tokens is provided and each turn the player has to combine a pair of adjacent tokens to obtain a new token of certain colour. This process is repeated until the whole sequence results in only one final token. The problem is that not every pair of colours can be merged. There is a set of rules describing the allowed combinations. For example, given the following rules

blue	+	yellow	\rightarrow	green
yellow	+	red	\rightarrow	orange
blue	+	orange	\rightarrow	brown

and the sequence (blue, yellow, red), the game could be finished obtaining a brown token after two steps: (blue, yellow, red) \rightarrow (blue, orange) \rightarrow (brown).

Frank is now in Valencia attending a famous programming contest and he is waiting for the tram to go to the university. Meanwhile, he is playing this game to fill time but the sun is shining so bright that he can not properly see the screen of his phone. He has some certainty about the possible colour of each token and he is wondering what will be the resulting colour following the most likely play of the game according to his estimation of the input sequence. Given Frank's estimation of two colours A and B, and the combination $A + B \rightarrow C$, the certainty of the obtained colour C is computed as $cer(C) = cer(A) \cdot cer(B)$.

Input

The input file contains several data sets, each of them as described below. Consecutive data sets are separated by a single blank line.

The first line contains R ($0 < R \le 100$) the number of rules describing the allowed combinations of colours. Each of the following R lines contains three strings s_1, s_2, s_3 representing the combination $s_1 + s_2 \rightarrow s_3$. Next line shows the number of test cases T. For each test case an integer C indicates the length of the input sequence of tokens ($0 < C \le 500$). Each of the next C lines describes a token, it contains a list of pairs (k, cer(k)) providing a colour k and its corresponding certainty ($0 < cer(k) \le 1.0$). The list ends with the word 'END'. The sum of the certainties for a certain token always is 1.0. Every colour in a test case has appeared first in the rules describing the game.

Output

For each data set in the input the output must follow the description below. The outputs of two consecutive data sets will be separated by a blank line.

For each test case, print the resulting colour of the most likely play of the game. If there is no possible combination to finish the game then print 'GAMEOVER'.

EXPLANATION OF THE SAMPLES:

First case

In the first case there are only two tokens. Frank is sure that the second token is Yellow, but the first token could be either Red or Orange. There are two possible solutions to the game:

- 1. (Red, Yellow) \rightarrow (Orange) : cer(Orange) = 0.7
- 2. (Orange, Yellow) \rightarrow (Yellow) : cer(Yellow) = 0.3

Hence, according to Frank's estimation the most likely play is the number 1 such that the final colour is **Orange**.

Second case

In the second case there are several tokens and estimations. Two possible solutions are:

- 1. (Blue,Yellow,Yellow,Red) \rightarrow (Blue,Yellow,Orange) \rightarrow (Blue,Yellow) \rightarrow (Green) cer(Green) = 0.006
- 2. (Green,Red,White,Black) \rightarrow (Green,Pink,Black) \rightarrow (Green,Red) \rightarrow (Yellow) cer(Yellow) = 0.036

Hence, according to Frank's estimation the most likely play is the number 2 such that the final colour is Yellow.

Third case

In this final case Frank is sure that there are two tokens Blue and Orange. There is no rule in the defined game that allows the combination of those colours, hence, there is no solution for this sequence of tokens.

Sample Input

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7
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Blue Yellow Green
Yellow Red Orange
Green Red Yellow
White Red Pink
Pink Black Red
Orange Red Red
Yellow Orange Yellow
3
2
Red 0.7 Orange 0.3 END
Yellow 1.0 END
4
Blue 0.6 Green 0.4 END
Red 0.2 Orange 0.6 Yellow 0.2 END
White 0.9 Yellow 0.1 END
Red 0.5 Black 0.5 END
2
Blue 1.0 END
Orange 1.0 END
```

Sample Output

Orange Yellow GAMEOVER