# 12766 Grinding Grid

We are given an  $N \times N$  letter grid where exactly one cell in each row and each column contains a letter "A" and the remaining  $N^2 - N$  cells contain a letter "B". We can flip a B to an A in a cell if at least two of its neighbours already contain an A. Cells are considered to be neighbours if they share an edge.

Can you fill all  $N^2$  squares by A's?

## Input

First line of the input contains an integer T ( $1 \le T \le 30$ ), the number of test cases. Then follow 2 \* T lines, where each 2 consecutive lines contain the description of one test case

For each test case, the first of the two lines contains an integer N, the size of the grid  $(2 \le N \le 100,000)$ .

The second line contains a permutation of first N pos-

itive integers, indicating the columns in which A's are already filled, in order of rows. For example, if N = 4 and given columns are 4 2 1 3, A's are in cells (1,4), (2,2), (3,1) and (4,3).

## Output

For each test case, print one line with the text 'yes' or 'no', indicating that the grid can be filled entirely with A's or not.

#### Sample Input

### Sample Output

yes no

A	$\mathcal{B}$	$\mathcal{B}$	$\mathcal{B}$	$\mathcal{B}$
$\mathcal{B}$	$\mathcal{B}$	A	$\mathcal{B}$	$\mathcal{B}$
$\mathcal{B}$	$\mathcal{B}$	$\mathcal{B}$	$\mathcal{B}$	A
$\mathcal{B}$	A	$\mathcal{B}$	$\mathcal{B}$	$\mathcal{B}$
$\mathcal{B}$	$\mathcal{B}$	$\mathcal{B}$	A	$\mathcal{B}$