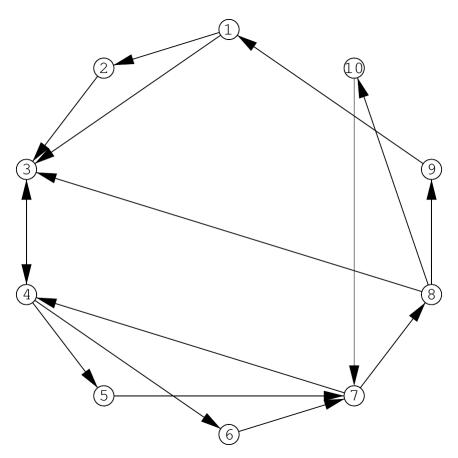
781 Optimisation

A company decides to simulate on computer the process of manufacturing its own goods. In order to do that, it makes the following observations:

1. The whole process can be splitted into several steps; between them there are some dependencies. This can be represented by a diagram (graph), which we suppose to be only one for all goods produced by company as in figure 1;



- 2. First step designates the start of manufacturing process; there is only one first step, denoted by the number 1;
- 3. There are not steps isolated or outside the process (every step is linked by a path with the first step);
- 4. Some steps are total dependants; so, we claim that the step i is total dependant of step j if every path in the fabrication process cannot arrive to i without was passing through j.

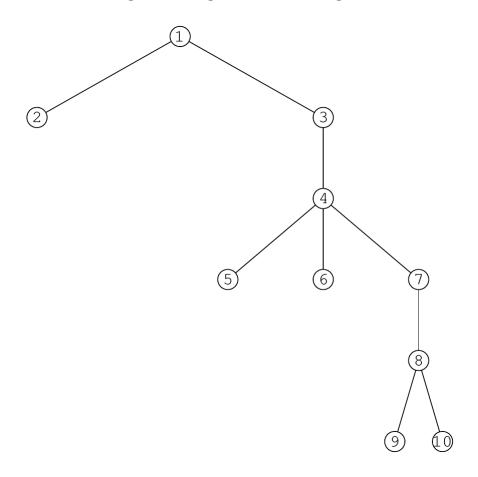
So, all steps are total dependants of step 1.

Example: In the process shown by the figure 1 the step 4 is total dependant of step 3, steps 5,6 and 7 are total dependants of 4 (hence of 3), but step 3 is not total dependant of step 2.

The Computing Center Dept. of company notes that whole manufacturing process is easier to be controlled if it would be structured by a tree, as follows:

- All steps of manufacturing process are nodes of the tree;
- Each node ensures total dependence of all its own descendants;

The tree associated to the diagram from figure 1 is shown in figure 2.



Your task is to write a program that builds this dependence tree.

Input

The input file contains several input data sets. An input data set has the following format:

n - number of steps of manufacturing process $(2 \le n \le 99)$;

where $a_{ij} = 1$ if step j follows directly step i in the process diagram, otherwise $a_{ij} = 0$.

Output

At output, the program must write n-1 lines for every input data set; each line has the format: $i\ j$

with the meaning that node j is a direct descendant of node i in the tree. The pair (i_1j_1) follows (i_2j_2) if and only if $(i_1 < i_2)$ or $(i_1 = i_2 \text{ and } j_1 < j_2)$.

Sample Input

Sample Output

- 1 2
- 1 3
- 3 4
- 4 5
- 4 6
- 4 7
- 7 8
- 8 9
- 8 10